

What is claimed is:

1. A method for detecting Mycobacterium tuberculosis using polymerase chain reaction (PCR) amplification with respect to all or some of the REP13E12 repeated sequence, which exists only in Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex.
2. The method of claim 1, wherein the REP13E12 repeated sequence is consist of the base sequence corresponding to the sequence number 1.
3. The method of claim 1, wherein the PCR amplification with respect to some of the REP13E12 is performed by a pair of primers devised on the basis of the sequence number 2.
4. The method of claim 1, wherein Mycobacterium tuberculosis is the tuberculosis microbial cells separated from Korea or from the specimen of Korean tuberculosis patients.
5. The method of claim 3, wherein the pair of primers are the sequence numbers 3 and 4.